



1  
00:00:14,140 --> 00:00:11,230

[Music]

2  
00:00:16,580 --> 00:00:14,150

magnetic reconnection is the process of

3  
00:00:17,810 --> 00:00:16,590

disconnecting or connecting the magnetic

4  
00:00:19,880 --> 00:00:17,820

fields to each other

5  
00:00:22,099 --> 00:00:19,890

directing energy into the earth on the

6  
00:00:24,019 --> 00:00:22,109

day side and then letting it go on the

7  
00:00:26,870 --> 00:00:24,029

night side and the interplay between

8  
00:00:29,960 --> 00:00:26,880

those two is what produces all la space

9  
00:00:32,089 --> 00:00:29,970

weather around the earth that has big

10  
00:00:34,610 --> 00:00:32,099

effects can damage our spacecraft can

11  
00:00:36,560 --> 00:00:34,620

hurt astronauts can upset the flow of

12  
00:00:38,780 --> 00:00:36,570

electron or G and our electric grid on

13  
00:00:41,330 --> 00:00:38,790

the surface of the earth MMS is a

14

00:00:44,030 --> 00:00:41,340

mission with four spacecraft that are

15

00:00:46,389 --> 00:00:44,040

traveling in formation in an orbit that

16

00:00:49,880 --> 00:00:46,399

takes them out into two special places

17

00:00:53,479 --> 00:00:49,890

near the earth one upstream toward the

18

00:00:54,950 --> 00:00:53,489

Sun on downstream away from the Sun both

19

00:00:57,709 --> 00:00:54,960

of those places have magnetic

20

00:01:01,069 --> 00:00:57,719

reconnection we have never before NMS

21

00:01:02,990 --> 00:01:01,079

had the ability to essentially run the

22

00:01:05,960 --> 00:01:03,000

camera fast enough to catch it as it

23

00:01:08,810 --> 00:01:05,970

goes by to make mini measurements per

24

00:01:10,850 --> 00:01:08,820

second the science payload for her mass

25

00:01:14,480 --> 00:01:10,860

is all mounted on a single deck plate

26

00:01:16,460 --> 00:01:14,490

but it consists of some 25 boxes per

27

00:01:18,920 --> 00:01:16,470

spacecraft divided into three general

28

00:01:20,539 --> 00:01:18,930

groups of instruments that's those for

29

00:01:23,420 --> 00:01:20,549

measuring fields electric and magnetic

30

00:01:25,520 --> 00:01:23,430

those for measuring plasmas in a third

31

00:01:27,560 --> 00:01:25,530

for measuring energetic particles the

32

00:01:29,030 --> 00:01:27,570

magnetic field sensors are out on arms

33

00:01:31,160 --> 00:01:29,040

that extend away from the spacecraft

34

00:01:33,530 --> 00:01:31,170

they're fixed but the spacecraft is

35

00:01:36,260 --> 00:01:33,540

spinning slowly about once every 20

36

00:01:36,890 --> 00:01:36,270

seconds the electric field is quite a

37

00:01:39,950 --> 00:01:36,900

bit different

38

00:01:41,899 --> 00:01:39,960

it consists of four wires that extend

39

00:01:44,600 --> 00:01:41,909

out away from the spacecraft with a ball

40

00:01:47,420 --> 00:01:44,610

on the end of each of them that actually

41

00:01:48,740 --> 00:01:47,430

contacts the plasma all four of those

42

00:01:51,200 --> 00:01:48,750

are spinning around with the spacecraft

43

00:01:53,510 --> 00:01:51,210

at this twenty second period and then

44

00:01:55,580 --> 00:01:53,520

there's a third axis that extends their

45

00:01:56,870 --> 00:01:55,590

booms that extend along the spin axis of

46

00:01:58,789 --> 00:01:56,880

the spacecraft both upward and downward

47

00:02:00,560 --> 00:01:58,799

with a probe at the ends you've got

48

00:02:03,319 --> 00:02:00,570

three components of the electric field

49

00:02:05,719 --> 00:02:03,329

they can measure everything from up to

50

00:02:07,670 --> 00:02:05,729

small Wiggles and vibrations of the

51  
00:02:08,740 --> 00:02:07,680  
electric field another sensor called the

52  
00:02:12,220 --> 00:02:08,750  
searchcoil magnet

53  
00:02:15,100 --> 00:02:12,230  
that is just a loop of wire connected to

54  
00:02:16,600 --> 00:02:15,110  
a suitable amplifier and is designed to

55  
00:02:18,490 --> 00:02:16,610  
measure the fluctuations at higher

56  
00:02:21,940 --> 00:02:18,500  
frequencies then you could get with the

57  
00:02:25,420 --> 00:02:21,950  
DC magnetometers for the plasmas there

58  
00:02:26,830 --> 00:02:25,430  
are eight boxes two boxes at each of the

59  
00:02:28,990 --> 00:02:26,840  
four points of the compass on the

60  
00:02:29,710 --> 00:02:29,000  
spacecraft those are equally spaced all

61  
00:02:33,180 --> 00:02:29,720  
the way around the spacecraft

62  
00:02:35,320 --> 00:02:33,190  
essentially that is a real key

63  
00:02:38,020 --> 00:02:35,330

ingredient for being able to see the

64

00:02:40,360 --> 00:02:38,030

entire sky instantaneously without

65

00:02:42,850 --> 00:02:40,370

waiting for the spacecraft to spin then

66

00:02:44,949 --> 00:02:42,860

there's also a hot plasma composition

67

00:02:47,310 --> 00:02:44,959

analyzer one per spacecraft it has a

68

00:02:50,500 --> 00:02:47,320

sensor head that looks all around in a

69

00:02:52,600 --> 00:02:50,510

360-degree annulus sticks out the side

70

00:02:55,240 --> 00:02:52,610

of the spacecraft and sweeps out the

71

00:02:57,520 --> 00:02:55,250

whole sky twice per spin it measures the

72

00:02:59,430 --> 00:02:57,530

chemical species of the particles the

73

00:03:01,780 --> 00:02:59,440

third set are the energetic particles

74

00:03:03,130 --> 00:03:01,790

analyzers and they are measuring much

75

00:03:05,530 --> 00:03:03,140

more energetic particles that are

76  
00:03:07,930 --> 00:03:05,540  
accelerated by the reconnection process

77  
00:03:09,670 --> 00:03:07,940  
ultimately the thing we will be doing is

78  
00:03:11,860 --> 00:03:09,680  
comparing our observations with

79  
00:03:14,199 --> 00:03:11,870  
simulations of the entire magnetosphere

80  
00:03:16,780 --> 00:03:14,209  
as it is influenced by the solar wind

81  
00:03:19,150 --> 00:03:16,790  
coming in down to the details of what

82  
00:03:20,949 --> 00:03:19,160  
reconnection is occurring people who do

83  
00:03:23,170 --> 00:03:20,959  
those simulations that try to apply them

84  
00:03:26,620 --> 00:03:23,180  
to all other kinds of places like in the

85  
00:03:30,970 --> 00:03:26,630  
solar atmosphere at other Astrophysical

86  
00:03:32,170 --> 00:03:30,980  
stars and other objects and they are

87  
00:03:34,270 --> 00:03:32,180  
very interested in whether those

88  
00:03:36,160 --> 00:03:34,280

simulations are accurate and reflect

89

00:03:37,630 --> 00:03:36,170

reality well this is going to be the

90

00:03:40,120 --> 00:03:37,640

first time we actually bump them up

91

00:03:42,310 --> 00:03:40,130

against hard data on what's going on in

92

00:03:43,780 --> 00:03:42,320

their eye I'm almost certain I'm very

93

00:03:45,819 --> 00:03:43,790

certain they're going to learn something

94

00:03:47,040 --> 00:03:45,829

from that and the simulations will get

95

00:03:49,110 --> 00:03:47,050

better

96

00:03:51,060 --> 00:03:49,120

we're doing a measure thing at rates

97

00:03:53,610 --> 00:03:51,070

that have never been done before and in

98

00:03:56,880 --> 00:03:53,620

places that have been hard to reach or

99

00:04:01,110 --> 00:03:56,890

even see because they go by too fast to